



HABARI ZA DODOMA - ~~(Kipindi)~~ (Habari leo)

Narco yapunguza bei ya kondoo, mbuzi kuelekea Krismasi

Na Sifa Lubasi

KATIKA kuelekea Sikukuu ya Krismasi na mwaka mpya, Serikali imetangaza punguzo la asilimia 33 ya bei ya mbuzi na kondoo waliopo katika Ranchi za Taifa (NARCO) katika msimu huu wa sikukuu ili kuhamasisha wananchi kula nyama na kuongeza wigo wa soko la ndani.

Akitangaza punguzo hilo, Ofisa Masoko wa Narco, Emmanuel Mnzava alisema Serikali imeamua kutoa ofa ya Krismasi na mwaka mpya kwa wananchi wake ambapo

mbuzi 3,000 na kondoo 1,000 watauzwa kwa bei ya punguzo.

Alisema bei hiyo itakuwa katika ranchi za Kongwa (Dodoma), Ruvu (Pwani), Mkata (Morogoro), West Kilimanjaro (Kilimanjaro) na Missenyi (Kagera).

Alisema Rais Samia Suluhu Hassan ameamua kutoa 'ofa' ya Krismasi na mwaka mpya kwa wananchi wake ambapo ofa hiyo inalenga kuhamasisha ulaji wa nyama ya mbuzi na kondoo hapa nchini na kuongeza soko la bidhaa hiyo ndani ya nchi.

Aliongeza: "Awali mbuzi

mmoja katika ranchi hizi alikuwa anauzwa hadi Sh 150,000 lakini kutokana na punguzo hili sasa watauzwa kwa Sh 120,000 hadi 100,000, kwa mbuzi na kondoo ambaye akichinjwa anatoa kilo 15 hadi 20."

Ofisa masoko huyo alitaja lengo lingine la kupunguza bei ni kuhamasisha jamii ya Watanzania katika ufugaji wa kisasa na kibiashara wa mbuzi na kondoo ili kukidhi mahitaji ya soko la kigeni pamoja na machinjio na viwanda vya nyama vilivyopo na vinavyoendelea kujengwa nchini.

Alisema takwimu zinaonesha kuwa ulaji wa nyama ya mbuzi na kondoo hapa nchini bado uko chini ikilinganishwa na ulaji wa nyama ya ng'ombe ambao unaongezeka kila mwaka.

Alisema mahitaji ya nyama ya mbuzi na kondoo katika soko la nje ya nchi na machinjio na viwanda vya nyama vilivyopo na vina- vyoendelea kujengwa nchini yanaongezeka, hivyo kutoa fursa la soko la bidhaa hiyo kwa wafugaji.

Kwa upande wake, Mkazi wa Chamwino, Ramadhani Kiza alisema ulaji wa nyama

ya mbuzi unakuwa chini kutokana na upatikanaji wake kwa kuwa ni adimu na gharama yake ni kubwa, hivyo watu wengi kushindwa kumudu.

Alisema ni vyema serikali ikaingilia kati suala hili kwa kuwahamasisha wafugaji kufuga mbuzi kisasa na kibiashara ili kufanya nyama ya mbuzi iwe inapatikana kila mahali kama ilivyo bidhaa nyingine.

"Tunamshukuru Rais Samia kwa kutushushia bei ya mbuzi na kondoo lakini tunaomba ofa hii isiwe kwa muda mfupi iwe endelevu

ili kila mwananchi awe na uwezo wa kununua na kufurahi na familia yake hasa kipindi hiki ambacho watu wengi wanasherehekea mwaka mpya na Krismasi," alisema.

Mfanyabiashara wa Soko la Bonanza, Maria Issa alipongeza serikali kwa kuleta punguzo la bei kwa wakati ambao unahitajika sana na watu.

Alisema sherehe za mwaka mpya na Krismasi wananchi hununua nyama ya ng'ombe na mbuzi kwa ajili ya kusherehekea na ndugu na jamaa zao.

Wakulima wakumbwa hofu mifugo kula chumvi 'feki'

Na Thobias Mwanakatwe,
NGORONGORO

ZAIDI ya wafugaji 8,000 wa kata za Ngorongoro na Nainokanoka, wamekumbwa na hofu ya ng'ombe wao kupoteza maisha baada ya kupewa chumvi iliyochanganywa na mawe na rangi inayosababisha wanapoitumia uhari sha.

Chumvi hiyo ambayo imezua utata inadaiwa imesambazwa kwa wafugaji hao na Mamlaka ya Hifadhi ya Ngorongoro (NCAA) ikiwa ni utekelezaji wa maagizo yaliyotolewa na Waziri Mkuu, Kassim Majaliwa, mwaka 2016.

Waziri Mkuu alitoa agizo hilo kwa NCAA iwe inawapa wafugaji chumvi ya kulisha mifugo pamoja na maji ili wafugaji waache kupeleka mifugo yao ndani ya Bonde la Ngorongoro ambako walikuwa wakifuata chumvi ya asili na maji katika bonde hilo ambayo inasaidia sana kwa afya za mifugo.

Hata hivyo, wafugaji wamelalamika kuwa chumvi waliyopewa wiki mbili zilizopita baina viwango na imechanganywa na mawe na rangi na mifugo yao inapotumia inaharisha hali ambayo inahatarisha afya ya ng'ombe hao.

Diwani wa Kata ya Ngorongoro, Simon Saitoti, akizungumza katika mahojiano na

gazeti hili alisema hali sio nzuri kwa mifugo ya wafugaji wa kata hiyo baada ya kuitumia chumvi hiyo ambayo inadaiwa kununuliwa na NCAA kutoka nchi jirani.

Saitoti alisema katika kata yake ililetwa mifugo 900 na ilikuwa imeshasambazwa kwa wafugaji zaidi ya 5000 na kubaki sita pekee kupitia kwa wenyevidi wa vijiji na baada ya ng'ombe kuanza kuitumia wakaanza kuona dalili tofauti.

Alisema baada ya kupelekewa malalamiko na wafugaji naye alitoa taarifa kwa Ofisa Mifugo na viongozi wa NCAA na kuliitishwa kikao cha wenyevidi wa vijiji vya Kayapusi, Oloilobi na Mokilale ambacho pia kilihudhuriwa na Mkuu wa Wilaya ya Ngorongoro, Raymond Mangwala.

Saitoti alisema mfuko mmoja wa chumvi hiyo wenye ujazo wa kilo 20 walipochanganya kwenye maji walibaini kuwapa kwa mchanga na rangi ambayo ilipakwa mchanga huo hali ambayo imetia shaka ya usalama wa mifugo ya wafugaji ambayo tayari imeshatumia chumvi hiyo.

Naye Kaimu Mhifadhi wa Mamlaka ya Hifadhi ya Ngorongoro, Elibariki Bajuta, alipoulizwa kwa njia ya simu kuhusu suala hilo alikiri NCAA kupokea malalamiko ya wafugaji kuhusu chumvi hiyo ambayo kila mwaka imekuwa ikisambazwa na mamlaka kwa wafugaji wa kata tatu za wilaya ya

Ngorongoro.

"Malalamiko tumeyasikia, ni vitu vya kawaida tu tatizo limetokea, hii chumvi inayolalamikiwa tulisambaza mwishoni mwa mwezi uliopita (Novemba)," alisema Bajuta alipopigiwa simu.

Kwa upande wake mtaalamu wa mifugo wa NCAA, Kilasi Mollel, alipoulizwa alisema kama jambo hilo limejulikana shirika (NCAA) itaifanyia kazi.

Mkuu wa Wilaya ya Ngorongoro, Mangwala alisema juzi (Jumatatu) alifika eneo la tukio katika Kata ya Ngorongoro na kuzungumza na wafugaji na kutoa agizo chumvi hiyo isiendelee kutolewa kwa wafugaji tena na wale ambao wamekwishapewa wasiipe mifugo.

Mangwala alisema hatua nyingine iliyo-chukuliwa na serikali ni kuchukua sampuli ya mfuko mmoja wa chumvi hiyo inayodaiwa kuwa feki ili ipelekwe kwa Mkemia Mkuu wa Serikali ufanyike uchunguzi wa kisayansi. Alisema majibu ya uchunguzi huo yatakapotoka wafugaji watajulisha nini cha kufanya.

Utaratibu wa kutoa chumvi bure kwa wafugaji wa kata za Ngorongoro na Nainokanoka ulianza kutekelezwa mwaka 2017 baada ya serikali kupiga marufuku wafugaji kupeleka mifugo yao 'Ngorongoro crater'.

Ufugaji samaki aina ya pweza duniani waingia katika utata

● Walinganishwa akili, hisia na binadamu



BRISTOL, Uingereza

TARIFA kwanza ufugaji wa kwanza wa pweza kwa ajili ya biashara duniani unakaribia kuanza zinapokwenda kwa masikiti na wanasayansi na wanaharakati wa mazingira na mabalihi.

Wanasema viumbe wenye akili na hisia wanaweza kuhisi mambo, hawapaswi kama kutuzwa kwa ajili ya biashara ya chakula.

Stacy Tonkin ni miongoni mwa timu ya watu watano wanaoimamia mantari maalumu ya kutunza samaki - Aquarium mji hapa. Amekuwa akicheza na pweza mizuba wa Pasifiki anayejulikana kama DJ, ilhewa ni kitupi cha Divy Jones kama sehemu ya kazi yake.

Tonkin anekuwa akimshughuliza DJ aliyomshia hisia tofauti tofauti kwa kila mtu kama vile kitaka kimoja na kumshika mkono kwa kutumia mkono yake.

Pweza wanawishi hadi miaka mitne, kwa hivyo akiwa na mwaka mmoja ni sawa na kwanza ni kijana.

"Hakika anachosha jinsi unavyotarajia kijana zwe, siku zingine na huzuri na analala siku zima, siku zingine hufurahi sana na anakuwa na shughuli nyingi," alisema.

Wafugaji hufika pweza kobe kamba na vipande vya samaki na kaa. Muda mwingine hufika chakula katika vyombo vya mbwa, ili achez na mbwa zake kuanza ujuzi wake wa kuwinda.

Anasema rangi yake hubadilika kutokana na hali aliyokuwa nayo na hisia zake. Anapokuwa na rangi ya chungwa na kahawa anakuwa na shughuli na michezo mingi, lakini anapokuwa na madoa madogo na mabaka yenye rangi, anakuwa na hamu ya kutaka kupaa zaidi.

"Hivyo ataoeleza akiwa na rangi ya chungwa na kahawa kisha atakuja kukaa kando yake,

huku akikuangalia tu na kubadilika kwenye na madoa madogo kitu ambacho ni cha kushangaza," alisema.

Stacy anasema pweza anachosha uwezo wa akili kupitia macho yake "pale unapowangalia na anapokuangalia, unaweza kuhisi kama kitu hapo."

Kiwango cha ufahamu ambacho Stacy anashuhudia moja kwa moja, kitambulwa katika sheria za Uingereza, kupitia marekibishi ya Mawada wa Ustawi wa Wanyama (Sentience).

Mabadiliko yanakuja baada ya timu ya wataalamu kuchunguza utafiti zaidi ya 300 wa kisayansi na kuhitimisha kuwa pweza walikuwa "viumbe wenye hisia" na kuliwa na "ushahidi mkubwa wa kisayansi," kuwa wanaweza kupata raha, msimko na furaha, lakini pia wanapata maumivu, mawao na madhara.

Waadishi wa utafiti walisema wana uhakika kwamba ufugaji wa pweza wa ustawi wa juu, hawawezekani na Serikali inatakuwa kufikira kupiga marufuku kuagiza kutoka nje ya nchi, pweza wanachugwa katika siku zijazo.

Mkono ya pweza hutengwa kwenye sufuria, hupakuliwa kwenye sahani na kuelea kwenye supu Ulimwenguni kote, kutoka Bars Asia hadi Mediterania, na zaidi hasa Marekani na wakoti mwingine Korea.

Kutani, viumbe hawa hufika wakiwa hai. Idadi ya pweza wasiofuga inapungua na bei inapanda. Inakadiriwa tani 350,000 hukamatwa kila mwaka, ilhewa ni zaidi ya mara 10 ya idadi iliyopatikana mwaka 1950.

Kusokana na hali hiyo, ugunduzi wa siri ya ufugaji pweza wachwa kufungwa, zimekwa zikoendelea kwa miongo kadhaa. Ni vigumu kwani hula mabuu na wanahitaji mazingira yaliyodhibitiwa kwa uangalifu.

Kampuni ya Uhispania, Nueva Pescanova (NP) ineshinda kampuni za Mexico, Japan na Australia, katika kinyang'anyoni cha ufugaji pweza hao na imetangaza, kwamba itanza kuanza pweza wanachugwa mlimu ujao wa joto ili kowaiza mwaka 2023.

Kampuni hiyo iliruma utafiti uliofanywa na Taasisi ya Kihispania ya Oceanographic (Instituto Español de Oceanografía) ikiangalia tabia za kuzaliana kwa pweza aina ya vulgaris.

Eneo la ufugaji wa pweza hao wa kibashara la Nueva Pescanova (NP) litakuwa ndani ya nchi karibu na bandari ya Las Palmas katika visiwa vya Canary hii ni kulingana na jarida la PortEurope.

Itaripotiwa kuwa shamba hilo litazalisha tani 3,000 za pweza kwa mwaka. Kampuni hiyo imenukuliwa kimsa itasaidia kukomesha pweza wengi wasiofuga kuchukuliwa.

NP imekataa kuanzia BBC maelezo yote juu ya mazingira na hali gani ambayo pweza hao watahifadhiwa, iliwamo ukubwa wa mazingira, chakula watachakula na jinsi watakavyouza, vyote ni siri.

Mipango hiyo imeshutumiwa na kundi la kimataifa la watafiti kuwa haijia kimsaidi na kilolofa. Kundi la Compassion in World Farming (CIWF) limeandikwa serikali za nchi kadhaa, ilhewa ni pamoja na Uhispania, likizitaka kupiga marufuku mpango huo.

Pweza wana akili kubwa, ufahamu wao umethibitishwa katika majaribio mengi ya kisayansi. Wameonekana wakitumia magamba ya bahari na nazi kujificha, kujilinda na wameonesha wanaweza kujifunza kazi haraka, wameweza pia kutoroka kwenye maji na kusepuka mitego iliyowekwa na wavuvi. Binadamu na pweza

wameoka katika kizazi kimoja, ambapo miaka milioni 560 iliyopita, walikuwa na uhusiano na babu mmoja na mwanababukia, Dk. Jakob Vinther kutoka Chuo Kikuu cha Bristol pia ana washwari.

"Tuna mfano wa kumbe ambacho kimebidilika na kuwa na akili ambayo inalinganishwa sana na yetu, uwezo wao wa kutatua matatizo tcheza na uadili ni sawa na wa wanadamu," anasema Dk. Vinther.

NP inasema kwenye tovuti yake, kwamba imejitolea kikamilifu katika ufugaji wa samaki, kama njia ya kupunguza shinikizo kwenye maeneo ya uvuvi na kuhakikisha rasimili endelevu, salama, zenye aya na kudhibitiwa, inayosaidia uvuvi.

Lakini Dk. Lara wa CIWF anahoji kuwa hufaa za NP ni za kibashara tu na boja ya kampuni kuhusu mazingira haina mantiki.

Pweza wanahitaji kila mara mbili hadi tatu ya uzito wao wenyewe katika chakula ili kuishi. Hivi sasa karibu theluthi moja ya samaki wanaovuliwa kuzunguka sayari, wanagetrwa kuwa chakula cha wanyama wengine na tabibani mstu ya kiasi hicho husenda kwenye ufugaji wa samaki.

Kwa hivyo pweza anayefuga angeweza kulishwa bidhaa za samaki kutoka kwenye hifadhi, ambazo tayari zimevuliwa kupita kiasi.

Sekta ya ufugaji andhini imebadilika kote Ulimwenguni kwa mfano ngururwe, anachosha kuwa na akili, hivyo kuna tofauti gani kati ya kiwanda cha ngururwe kinachozalisha sandwich na pweza wa kiwanda kuwekwa kwenye sahani ya kawaida ya Kihispania?

Wahifadhi wanasema hisia za wanyama wengi wanachugwa hazikujulikana, wakati mifumo yenye nguvu ilipowekwa na makosa ya zamani hayapaswi kurudiwa.

"Kwa sababu ngururwe wanachugwa kwa miaka mingi, tuna ujuzi wa kutisha kuhusu mahitaji yao na tunajua jinsi ya kuboresha maisha yao, tati la pweza ni kwamba batujui ni nini hasa wanachohitaji au jinsi gani tunaweza kuwapa maisha bora," anasema Dk. Lara.

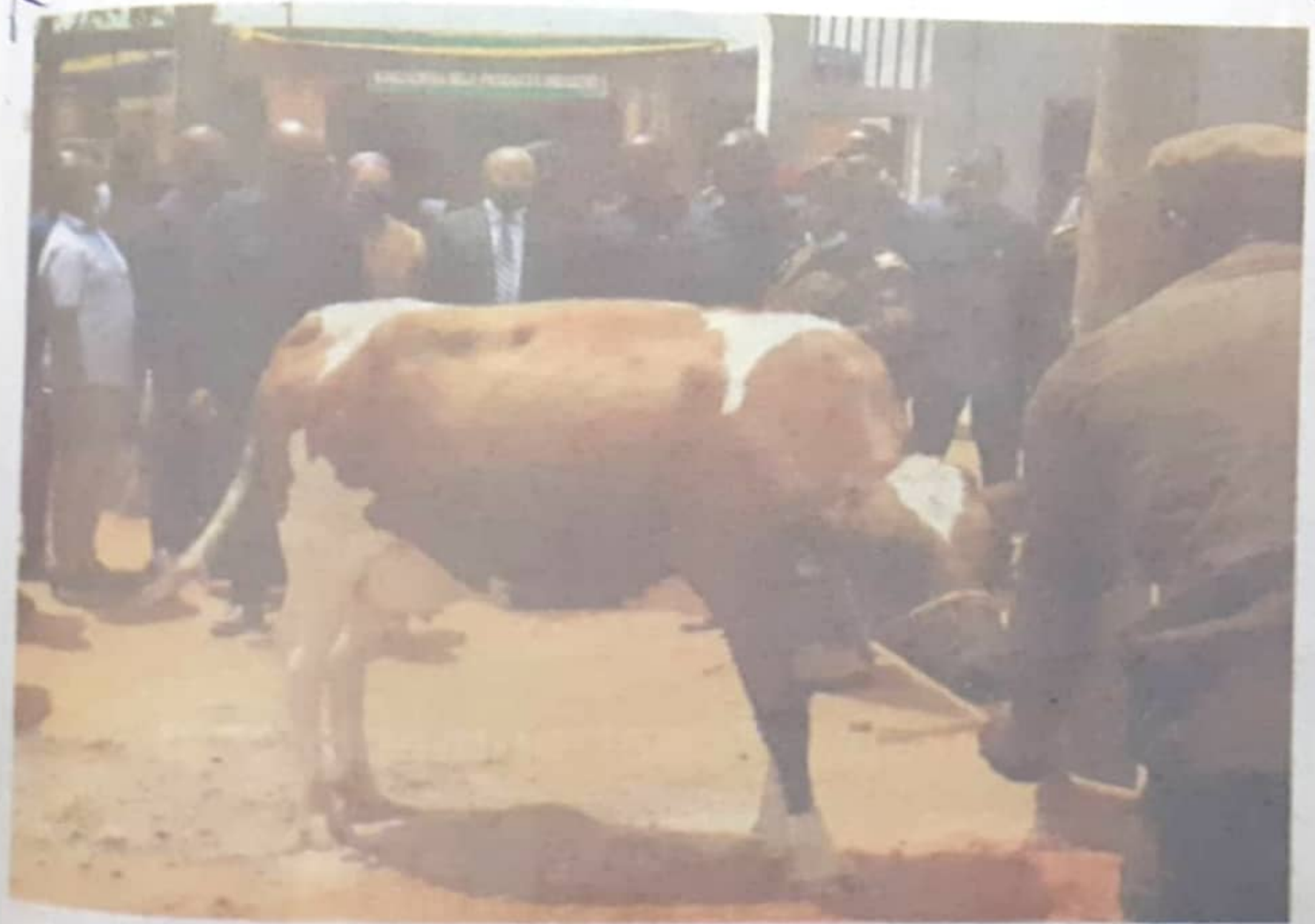
Anamalizia kwa kusema kuwa pweza ni viumbe tata sana na kama wanadamu tunapaswa kuheshimu idwa tunataka kuwafuga au kula.



Pweza wakiva wameanikwa



Vipande vya pweza tayari kuliwa



Rais wa Zanzibar na Mwenyekiti wa Baraza la Mapinduzi, Dk Hussein Ally Mwinyi (aliyevaa tai) akitazama ng'ombe wa maziwa mara baada ya kuzindua kiwanda cha Maziwa cha Jeshi la Magereza (Kingolwira Milk Product Industry), kilichopo mkoani Morogoro.



From DAILY NEWS Reporters in Dodoma

NARCO calls for commercial livestock keeping to meet demand

THE National Ranching Company Limited (NARCO) has underscored the need for public engagement in commercial livestock keeping of goats and sheep in the country.

Managing Director of NARCO, Prof Peter Msoffe told journalists here yesterday that they have embarked on a special campaign to mobilize the public on the need to engage in goat and sheep commercial keeping.

He said there was an increased need of goat and mutton meat in the local and international market, thus the need to prepare livestock keepers to

get ready to tap the opportunities for their improved welfare.

Prof Msoffe said NARCO have been given a special offer during this festive season from December 21 to January 10, 22 at their ranches of Kongwa, Ruvu, Mkata, Kalambo, West Kilimanjaro and Misenyi to sell their livestock.

He said during the period, 3,000 goats and 1,000 sheep species of Blackhead Persian will be sold at a reduced price of 33 per cent.

The move, he said, aimed at giving a chance to the public to know the taste of the ranches'

species meat and thus develop interest in livestock keeping as well as increase local consumption of the products.

"We want to widen the local market of goat and mutton meat, and in so doing increase the number of livestock keepers to meet the demand" he insisted.

Moreover, he said, the campaign, known as the Christmas and New year Offer, wants to promote the species' livestock keeping to serve the local industries as well as those being constructed.

Prof Msoffe said the country is experiencing increased

consumption of beef every year compared to mutton and goat.

"Statistics are clear on the increased consumption of beef meat among the public while the numbers are small when it comes to mutton and goat, thus the need to give the community a chance to know the taste of the other products" said Prof Msoffe.

He said the offer will be available in the mentioned ranches in the regions of Dodoma, Pwani, Kagera, Morogoro, Rukwa and Kilimanjaro on the basis of first come first served.

With or without the ban petty traders continue to conduct their businesses under the sign board at Kimara-Mwisho in Dar es Salaam yesterday. Photo: Correspondent Miraji Msala

By Guardian Correspondent, Kongwa

NARCO offers price reduction on sheep and goat meat during holiday

NATIONAL ranching Company (NARCO) has called on Tanzanians to adopt modern, commercial livestock keeping practices to satisfy the foreign market demand and the country meat processing factories.

It has also offered price reduction in the holidays season to mobilise the people eat goat and sheep meat and expand the domestic market.

The remarks were made here yesterday by NARCO marketing Manager, Mnzava Emmanuel on behalf of the company's managing director Prof Peter Msolle as he was addressing reporters.

He said it was essential for Tanzanians to engage themselves in modern livestock

keeping practices to satisfy the demand of local meat factories that continue to be established countrywide.

In regard to the price reduction, Mnzava said they have decided to do so to strengthen the health of Tanzanians whereby 3,000 goats and 1,000 Blackhead Persian (BHP) sheep will be sold at 33 per cent reduction in price.

He said the price reduction will involve the company's Kongwa, Ruvu, Mkalu, Kalambo, West Kilimanjaro and Misenyi

ranches.

"Statistics show that goat and sheep meat eating was still low compared with cow's meat which has been on increase year after year," he said.

However, he added that the demand for goat and sheep meat in the foreign market and in the local meat factories is on increase thereby providing great opportunities to livestock keepers.

The Christmas and New year offer will begin to be provided on December 21

up to January 10 next year in the named ranches," he explained.

For his part Kongwa Ranch Manager, Elisa Binamungu said they were well set to provide the services to all the people who will come up for the offer.

"In addition to this offer, every day in our ranch we slaughter cows, we have excellent meat, and we are calling for all the people to come up to purchase our products in accordance to their need," he added.